

Đề thi Đại học môn tiếng Anh (Đề số 2)

Chọn một từ có trọng âm chính ở vị trí khác so với các từ còn lại, từ câu 1 đến 5

- Câu 1: **A. temperament** B. expectation C. influential D. opportunity
 Câu 2: A. refusal **B. government** C. employment D. redundant
 Câu 3: A. believe B. occasion C. improvement **D. interest**
 Câu 4: **A. interfere** B. industrial C. develop D. activity
 Câu 5: A. extremely B. co-operate C. necessity **D. necessary**

Chọn một câu thích hợp nhất được tạo ra từ những từ / cụm từ gợi ý sau, từ câu 6 đến 10

Câu 6: Factory / close down / account / economic depression.//

- A. The factory had to close down on account of the economic depression.
 B. The factory was closed down on account of the economic depression.
C. The factory had to close down on account for the economic depression.
 D. The factory had to close down on account for economic depression.

Câu 7: the author / released / eared / last year / the book / a lot of money.//

- A. Released last year, the author earned the book a lot of money.
B. Released last year, the book earned the author a lot of money.
 C. The author released the book last year a lot of money earned.
 D. The released book last year earned the author a lot of money.

Câu 8: classical music / speed / plant / grow.//

- A. Many types of classical music speed plants' growth. B. Many types of classical music speed plants to grow.
 C. Many classical music speed plant growth. **D. Many types of classical music speed plant growth.**

Câu 9: British / American / culture / time / see / valuable commodity.//

- A. British and American cultures see time as a valuable commodity.
 B. British and American culture, time is seen as a valuable commodity.
 C. In British and American culture, time sees as a valuable commodity.
D. In British and American culture, time is seen as a valuable commodity.

Câu 10: sport / serious / expensive business / hour / training.//

- A. Sport is a serious and expensive business of hours of daily training.
B. Sport is a serious and expensive business involving hours of daily training.
 C. Sport is a serious and expensive business involving hour of daily training.
 D. Sport is serious, expensive business involving hours of daily training.

Chọn một từ (cụm từ) gạch chân cần phải sửa, từ câu 11 đến 15

Câu 11: Drug addition has resulted of many destroyed careers, and expulsions from school or college.
 A B C D

Câu 12: A future system of solid waste managements should begin with reduction in the amount of waste.
 A B C D

Câu 13: A mosquito is filled with blood is carrying twice its own body weight.
 A B C D

Câu 14: A desire to eradicate irregular spelling in English can trace back to the sixteenth century.
 A B C D

Câu 15: Because not food is as nutritious for a baby as its mother's milk. Many women are returning to the practice of breast feeding.
 A B C D

Chọn một phương án (A, B, C hoặc D) điền vào chỗ trống để hoàn thành câu, từ câu 16 đến 46

Câu 16: Fortunately, the demonstration _____ to be quite peaceful.

- A. turned out** B. turned into C. turned up D. turned off

Câu 17: "How much do you earn, Joe?" - "I'd _____."

A. prefer not say B. better not to say C. rather not say D. rather don't say

Câu 18: The traffic in town was very _____ and I arrived home earlier than expected.

A. weak B. little C. few D. light

Câu 19: The witness's account was not _____ with the facts.

A. matched B. reliable C. confirmed D. consistent

Câu 20: He is very ill, and the doctors are not sure whether he will _____ it through the night.

A. make B. last C. endure D. survive

Câu 21: _____ you have the money in your account, you can withdraw up to \$100 a day.

A. Unless B. Although C. Provided that D. As soon as

- Câu 22:** I suggest we _____ outside the cinema tomorrow at 8:30.
A. meet B. met C. will meet D. meeting
- Câu 23:** I hope we will be able to avoid _____ anyone.
 A. disappoint B. disappointment **C. disappointing** D. disappointed
- Câu 24:** Is he really _____ to judge a brass band contest?
 A. skillful B. efficient **C. competent** D. capable
- Câu 25:** No matter how angry he was, he would never _____ to violence.
 A. exert **B. resort** C. resolve D. recourse
- Câu 26:** The move to a different environment had brought about a significant _____ in Mary's state of mind.
 A. influence B. impact **C. change** D. effect
- Câu 27:** His house is nothing out of the _____; it's just an average five-room house.
 A. typical B. usual C. normal **D. ordinary**
- Câu 28:** The school _____ a system of monthly tests in place of an annual exam.
A. adopted B. took C. collected D. gathered
- Câu 29:** "I think that the youth are high-flying but inexperienced." - " _____"
 A. Are you kidding me? **B. There's no doubt about it.**
 C. Certainly. D. It's nice of you to say so.
- Câu 30:** "What do you think of your new book-keeper?" - "He works _____ his figures never need _____."
 A. so efficient that / checking **B. so efficiently that / to be checked**
 C. such an efficient that / to be checked D. such efficiently that / to check
- Câu 31:** It was a horrible ride through pouring rain. _____ he had a puncture and for the last hour had to push the bicycle.
 A. Even so **C. To make matter worse**
 B. In fact D. As a matter of fact
- Câu 32:** All through his life he remained _____ resentful of the way he had been abandoned by his parents as a child.
 A. fully **B. bitterly** C. completely D. seriously
- Câu 33:** "Do you still live there?" - "No, _____. We've moved to a new house."
 A. not yet **B. not now** C. I do not live D. any longer
- Câu 34:** I'm not particular. I'll wear _____ of your dresses that fits me.
 A. that one B. which one **C. anyone** D. some one
- Câu 35:** It is imperative that this letter _____ immediately.
 A. were sent B. send **C. be sent** D. sent
- Câu 36:** The pub was so crowded that he could _____ get to the bar.
 A. quite B. almost **C. barely** D. merely
- Câu 37:** The teacher asked a difficult question, but finally Ted _____ a good answer.
 A. came up to B. came up for C. came out of **D. came up with**
- Câu 38:** I've had this cold for a week now. I just don't seem to be able to shake it _____.
 A. up B. out C. over **D. off**
- Câu 39:** It is not surprising that he became a writer because he always longed to see his name _____.
 A. in edition B. in letters **C. in print** D. in type
- Câu 40:** Could you stand _____ for me and teach my English class tomorrow morning, John?
A. in B. up C. down D. out
- Câu 41:** Can you _____ out the answer to number 2?
A. work B. check C. go D. leave
- Câu 42:** The complaints he received were like water off a duck's _____.
 A. feather B. wings **C. back** D. body
- Câu 43:** "Don't forget to do as I have told you." - " _____."
 A. No, I will remember B. Yes, I will C. Yes, I won't **D. No, I won't**
- Câu 44:** "How long does it take to get to the City Library from here?" - " _____."
 A. You can go there by bus **C. I am sorry. I don't know**
 B. Yes, it's a long way D. It isn't far
- Câu 45:** We can form a negative verb by adding the prefix _____ to the verb "lead".
A. mis- B. dis- C. un- D. im-
- Câu 46:** "Your parents must be proud of your result at school." - " _____."
 A. Sorry to hear that **B. Thanks. It's certainly encouraging**
 C. Of course D. I am glad you like it

Đọc đoạn văn sau, chọn một phương án (A, B, C hoặc D) thích hợp nhất điền vào chỗ trống, từ câu 47 đến 55

According to airline industry statistics, almost 90 percent of airline accidents are survivable or partially survivable. But passengers can increase their chances of survival by learning and following certain tips. Experts say that you should read and listen to safety instructions before take-off and ask questions if you have uncertainties. You should fasten your seat belt low on your hips and as tightly as possible. Of course, you should also know how the release mechanism of your belt operates. During take-off and landings you are advised to keep your feet flat on the floor. Before take-off you should locate the nearest exit and an alternative exit and count the rows of seat between you and the exits so that you can find them in the dark if necessary

In the event that you are forewarned of the possible accident, you should put your hands on your ankles and keep your head down until the plane come to complete stop. If smoke is present in the cabin, you should keep your head low and cover your face with napkins, towels, or clothing. If possible, wet these for added protection against smoke inhalation. To **evacuate** as quickly as possible, follow crew command and do not take personal belongings with you. Do not jump on escape slides before they are fully **inflated** and when you jump, do so with your arms and legs extended in front of you. When you get to the ground, you should move away from the plane as quickly as possible, and never smoke near the wreckage

Câu 47: What is the main topic of the passage?

A. Guidelines for increasing aircraft passengers survival

B. Airline industry accident statistics

C. Procedures for evacuating aircraft

D. Safety instructions in air travel

Câu 48: Travelers are urged by experts to read and listen to safety instructions _____?

A. before locating the exits

B. in an emergency

C. if smoke is in the cabin

D. before take-off

Câu 49: According to the passage, airline travelers should keep their feet flat on the floor _____.

A. during take-off and landings

B. throughout the flight

C. only if an accident is possible

D. especially during landings

Câu 50: According to the passage, which exits should an airline passenger locate before take-off _____?

A. the ones with counted rows of seats between them

B. the ones that can be found in the dark

C. the two closest to the passenger's seat

D. the nearest one

Câu 51: It can be inferred from the passage that people are more likely to survive fires in aircrafts if they _____.

A. read airline safety statistics

B. wear a safety belt

C. keep their heads low

D. don't smoke in or near a plane

Câu 52: Airline passengers are to do all of the following EXCEPT _____.

A. carry personal belongings in an emergency

B. fasten their seat belt before take-off

C. locate the nearest exit

D. ask questions about safety

Câu 53: The word "evacuate" in the second paragraph is closes in meaning to _____.

A. evade

B. abscond

C. vacate

D. forestall

Câu 54: The word "inflated" in the second paragraph is closes in meaning to _____.

A. lifted

B. extended

C. assembled

D. expanded

Câu 55: What does the paragraph following the passage most probably discuss?

A. How to recover your luggage

B. When to return to the aircraft

C. Where to go to continue your trip

D. How to proceed once you are away from the aircraft

Chọn một câu gần nghĩa nhất với câu đã cho, từ câu 56 đến 60

Câu 56: He never suspected that she was a witch.

A. What he thought was she was not a witch.

B. He used to think she was not a witch.

C. At no time did he suspect that she was a witch.

D. Never has he suspect she was a witch.

Câu 57: If only you told me the truth about the theft.

A. Only if you had told me the truth about the theft.

B. Had you had told me the truth, there wouldn't have been the theft.

C. You only told me the truth if there was a theft.

D. You should have told me the truth about the theft.

Câu 58: The demand was so great that they had to print the book immediately.

A. So great the demand was that they had to reprint the book immediately.

B. So great was the demand that they had to reprint the book immediately.

C. So great was the demand so they had to reprint the book immediately.

D. So great the demand was, they had to reprint the book immediately

Câu 59: It is certain that the new cuts will worry the staff.

A. The new cuts certainly worry the staff.

B. The new cuts will be bound to worry the staff.

C. The new cuts are bound to worry the staff.

D. The new cuts will be certainly worry the staff.

Câu 60: The minister's popularity suffered as a result of the scandal.

A. The scandal influenced on the minister's popularity.

B. The scandal had a negative effect on the minister's popularity.

C. The scandal had bad effect to the minister's popularity.

D. The scandal effected the minister's popularity.

Đọc đoạn văn sau, chọn một phương án (A, B, C hoặc D) thích hợp nhất điền vào chỗ trống, từ câu 61 đến 70

In the very distant geological past all animals were aquatic. The very first vertebrates, or animals with backbones, of which we have any fossil record, lived in the water. These vertebrates, the fish, were adapted to underwater living. Their streamlined bodies

were covered with scales to reduce surface friction: they had muscular tails so that they could swim swiftly in such a dense medium as water; and they were endowed with gills for breathing underwater.

Descendants of fish-type ancestors crossed the seashore barrier and accommodated themselves to life on land. As amphibians, they possessed limbs instead of fins and lungs instead of gills. But they never became completely free of the bonds that tied them to the water; even today many amphibians return to the water to lay their eggs.

Millions of years after the first clumsy amphibians crawled over the land, newer types of land dwellers appeared; these animals gave rise to the present-day reptiles and mammals. **They** were more completely converted for land dwelling, with bodies and biological activities far different from those of fish. With these special adaptations, mammals have been able to colonize the woods and meadows, the deserts and high mountains, often far removed from the sea.

- Câu 61:** Of the animals with backbones, the first to appear were _____.
- A. fish B. amphibians C. birds D. mammals
- Câu 62:** Fish are suited to underwater life because of their _____.
- A. gills B. All of the answers C. streamlines shape D. scales
- Câu 63:** In converting to land life, animals acquired _____.
- A. tails B. lungs C. warm blood D. eyes
- Câu 64:** The word "**descendants**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.
- A. grandchildren B. ancestors C. descenders D. offspring
- Câu 65:** The passage suggests that the first amphibians used their limbs to _____.
- A. jump B. run C. swim D. crawl
- Câu 66:** An example of an amphibian's incomplete adaptation to land life is its _____.
- A. need to keep its skin wet B. return to water to lay eggs C. inability to breath air D. scales-covered skin
- Câu 67:** Animals found desert living possible only _____.
- A. when they were fully adapted B. after they could walk on two feet C. when they became amphibious D. if they migrated to the sea periodically
- Câu 68:** The seashore was a barrier for descendants of fish type creatures in that _____.
- A. crossing it required bodily changes B. every attempt to cross it ended in death C. the land once rose much higher above the sea D. once they crossed there was no return
- Câu 69:** The word "**They**" in paragraph 3 refers to _____.
- A. reptiles and mammals B. animals C. amphibians D. land dwellers
- Câu 70:** The adaptation process described in the article was accomplished _____.
- A. by the receding of the seas B. through biological changes C. over millions of years and through biological changes D. over millions of years

Đọc đoạn văn sau, chọn một phương án (A, B, C hoặc D) thích hợp nhất điền vào chỗ trống, từ câu 71 đến 80

Have you ever asked yourself what you are working for? If you have ever had the time to consider this taboo question, or put it to others in moments of weakness or confidentiality, you (71)_____ well have heard some or all of the (72)_____. It's the money, of course, some say with a smile, as if explaining something to a child. Or it's the satisfaction of a task well-done, the sense of achievement behind the clinching of an important (73)_____. I worked as a bus conductor once, and I can't say I (74)_____ the same as I staggered along the swaying gangway trying to (75)_____ out tickets without falling over to someone's lap. It's the company of other people perhaps, but if that is the (76)_____, what about farmers? Is it the conversation in the farmyard that keeps them captivated by the job? Work is power and sense of status say those (77)_____ have either attained these elusive goals, or feel aggrieved that nobody has yet recognized their leadership qualities. Or we can blame it all on someone else, the family or the taxman, I suspect, and I say this under my breath, that most of us work rather as Mr. Micawber lived, hoping for something to (78)_____ up. We'll win the pools, and tell the boss what we really think. We'll scrape together the (79)_____ and open that little shop we have always dreamed of, or go round the world, or spend more time in the garden. One day, we'll get that (80)_____ we deserve, but until then at least we have something to do. And we are so busy doing it that we won't have time to wonder why.

- Câu 71:** A. might B. will C. should D. can
- Câu 72:** A. below B. following C. rest D. latter
- Câu 73:** A. deal B. job C. engagement D. position
- Câu 74:** A. enjoyed B. felt C. wished D. hoped
- Câu 75:** A. issue B. turn C. give D. make
- Câu 76:** A. case B. one C. question D. problem
- Câu 77:** A. may B. who C. must D. people
- Câu 78:** A. move B. end C. ease D. turn
- Câu 79:** A. opportunities B. riches C. resources D. money

A. promotion

